

Learning Library Fiber Supplements

Type of Fiber	Details	Effects	Brand Names
Psyllium	 Plant fiber Breaks down in the gut and becomes a food source for the "good bacteria" 	 Bulks stool May also lower cholesterol levels by 10 to 15% 	MetamucilFiberallHydrocilKonsylPerdiemSerutan
Methylcellulose	 Created from plants Not absorbed by the intestinal tract Absorbs water 	Creates a softer stoolLess likely to cause gas	• Citrucel
Calcium Polycarbophil	 Synthetic ingredients Not absorbed by the intestinal tract Absorbs water 	Creates a bulkier and softer stoolLess likely to cause bloating	FiberconFiber-LaxEqualactinMitrolan
Partially Hydrolyzed Guar Gum (PHGG)	Seed of the cluster bean	 Increases production of beneficial bacteria in gut Reduces diarrhea 	Benefiber (chewables with calcium)
Wheat Dextrin	Byproduct after gluten is extracted from wheat	 Reduces cholesterol Improves immune system function Improves vitamin and mineral absorption 	Benefiber (powder and caplets)
Acacia Fiber	 From the gum of the acacia tree Marketed as a 'prebiotic', which means that it increases good gut flora 	 Slows down colonic fermentation, which decreases gas and bloating Contains no gluten, sugar, salt, corn, soy, or yeast 	Tummy Fiber (produced by Heather Van Vorous)

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